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NEWS
NEWS
        Sep 17
                IMSworld Pharmaceutical Company Directory name change
                 to PHARMASEARCH
NEWS 3
        Oct 09
                Korean abstracts now included in Derwent World Patents
                Index
NEWS 4 Oct 09
                Number of Derwent World Patents Index updates increased
                Calculated properties now in the REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY File
NEWS 5 Oct 15
                Over 1 million reactions added to CASREACT
NEWS 6 Oct 22
NEWS 7 Oct 22 DGENE GETSIM has been improved
NEWS 8 Oct 29 AAASD no longer available
NEWS 9 Nov 19 New Search Capabilities USPATFULL and USPAT2
NEWS 10 Nov 19
                TOXCENTER(SM) - new toxicology file now available on STN
NEWS 11 Nov 29
                COPPERLIT now available on STN
NEWS 12 Nov 29 DWPI revisions to NTIS and US Provisional Numbers
NEWS 13 Nov 30 Files VETU and VETB to have open access
NEWS 14 Dec 10 WPINDEX/WPIDS/WPIX New and Revised Manual Codes for 2002
NEWS 15 Dec 10 DGENE BLAST Homology Search
NEWS 16 Dec 17 WELDASEARCH now available on STN
NEWS 17 Dec 17 STANDARDS now available on STN
NEWS 18 Dec 17 New fields for DPCI
NEWS 19 Dec 19 CAS Roles modified
NEWS 20 Dec 19
                1907-1946 data and page images added to CA and CAplus
        Jan 25
NEWS 21
                BLAST(R) searching in REGISTRY available in STN on the Web
NEWS 22
                Searching with the P indicator for Preparations
        Jan 25
NEWS 23
        Jan 29 FSTA has been reloaded and moves to weekly updates
NEWS EXPRESS August 15 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.0c,
             CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0 (ENG) AND V6.0J (JP),
             AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 07 AUGUST 2001
NEWS HOURS
             STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS INTER
             General Internet Information
NEWS LOGIN
             Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS PHONE
             Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS WWW
             CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)
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Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:40:38 ON 29 JAN 2002

=> file medline biosis embase caplus uspatfull

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:40:54 ON 29 JAN 2002

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 12:40:54 ON 29 JAN 2002 COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.(R)

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FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 12:40:54 ON 29 JAN 2002 CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> s (zinc (a) finger) (s) fusion (s) ligand (s) transcription

L1 21 (ZINC (A) FINGER) (S) FUSION (S) LIGAND (S) TRANSCRIPTION

=> dup rem l1

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L1

L2 11 DUP REM L1 (10 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s (zinc (a) finger) (s) fusion (s) ligand (s) transcription (s) protein

3 FILES SEARCHED...

L3 20 (ZINC (A) FINGER) (S) FUSION (S) LIGAND (S) TRANSCRIPTION (S) PROTEIN

=> dup rem 13

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3

L4 10 DUP REM L3 (10 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s 12 or 14

L5 11 L2 OR L4

=> dup rem 15

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L5

L6 11 DUP REM L5 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d l6 total ibib kwic

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:545853 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:148182

TITLE:

Molecular switches II system comprising

ligand-regulated DNA binding molecule and targeted

DNA

binding site and its use screening for desired binding elements and general egulation Choo, Yen; Ullman, Christopher Graeme; Moore, Michael Gendag Limited, UK PCT Int. Appl., 193 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent English

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KIND DATE
                                       APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
     -----
                                         -----
                    A2 20010726 WO 2001-GB187 20010118
    WO 2001053479
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
            HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
            LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
            SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
            YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
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            DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
            BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    WO 2000073434 A1 20001207 WO 2000-GB2071 20000530
           AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR,
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            LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,
            SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU,
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            CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                    A1 20010104 WO 2000-GB2080 20000530
    WO 2001000815
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR,
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            LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,
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            CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                      GB 2000-1578
                                                      A 20000124
                                                      A 20000124
                                      GB 2000-1582
                                      WO 2000-GB2071
                                                      W 20000530
                                                      W 20000530
                                      WO 2000-GB2080
                                                      A 20001207
                                      GB 2000-29901
                                      GB 1999-12635
                                                      A 19990528
IT
```

Transcription factors

INVENTOR(S):

DOCUMENT TYPE:

SOURCE:

LANGUAGE:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

> RL: BPR (Biological process); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(VP16, fusion products with zinc finger

derivs., regulation of gene expression by; ligand-regulated DNA binding mol. and targeted DNA binding site and its use in screening

for desired binding elements and gene regulation)

ANSWER 2 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:319953 CAPLUS 134:337390 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Synthetic ligand activated transcriptional regulator

proteins and their therapeutic use

INVENTOR(S): Barbas, Carlos F.; Kadan, Michael; Beerli, Roger PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Novartis A.-G., Switz.; The Scripps Research

Institute

```
SOURCE:
                        PCT Int. Appl., 218 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
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                                         -----
                     A1 20010503
     WO 2001030843
                                          WO 2000-EP10430 20001023
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
            HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
            LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
            SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU,
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        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
            DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
            CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                       US 1999-433042
                                                       A 19991025
                                       US 2000-586625
                                                       A 20000602
REFERENCE COUNT:
                              THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT
    Synthetic gene
    RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BUU (Biological use, unclassified);
    BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (for zinc finger-transcription factor
      fusion proteins; synthetic ligand activated
       transcriptional regulator proteins and therapeutic use)
    ANSWER 3 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2001:12655 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        134:96235
TITLE:
                        Identification of multi-zinc finger transcription
                        factors using oligonucleotide affinity ligands
INVENTOR (S):
                        Huylebroeck, Danny; Verschueren, Kristin; Remacle,
                        Jacques
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Vlaams Interuniversitair Instituut Voor
Biotechnologie
                        Vzw, Belg.
SOURCE:
                        PCT Int. Appl., 66 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent.
                        English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
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| | PATENT NO. | | | | KIND | | DATE | | | APPLICATION NO. DA | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------------|------------|----------------|-----|------|-----|----------|-----|-----|--------------------|------|------|-------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | WO | 2001 | 0008 | 64 | A2 | | 20010104 | | | W | O 20 | 00-E | P558: | 2 20000609 | | | | | |
| | WO | 2001000864 | | | A3 | | 20011129 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | W: | ΑE, | AG, | AL, | AM, | AT, | AU, | ΑZ, | BA, | BB, | BG, | BR, | BY, | CA, | CH, | CN, | CR, | |
| | | | CU, | CZ, | DE, | DK, | DM, | DΖ, | EE, | ES, | FI, | GB, | GD, | GE, | GH, | GM, | HR, | HU, | |
| | | | ID, | IL, | IN, | IS, | JΡ, | ΚE, | KG, | ΚP, | KR, | ΚZ, | LC, | LK, | LR, | LS, | LT, | LU, | |
| | | | LV, | MA, | MD, | MG, | MK, | MN, | MW, | MX, | NO, | NZ, | PL, | PT, | RO, | RU, | SD, | SE, | |
| | | | SG, | SI, | SK, | SL, | ТJ, | TM, | TR, | TT, | TZ, | UA, | UG, | US, | UΖ, | VN, | YU, | ZA, | |
| | | | ZW, | AM, | ΑZ, | BY, | KG, | ΚZ, | MD, | RU, | TJ, | TM | | | | | | | |
| | | RW: | GH, | GM, | KΕ, | LS, | MW, | MZ, | SD, | SL, | SZ, | TZ, | UG, | ZW, | ΑT, | BE, | CH, | CY, | |
| | | | DΕ, | DK, | ES, | FI, | FR, | GB, | GR, | ΙE, | ΙT, | LU, | MC, | NL, | PT, | SE, | BF, | ВJ, | |
| | | | CF, | CG, | CI, | CM, | GΑ, | GN, | GW, | ML, | MR, | ΝE, | SN, | TD, | TG | | | | |
| PRIOR | . : | | EP 1999-202068 | | | | | | | A 19990625 | | | | | | | | | |
| IT Genetic methods | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

(two-hybrid screening, zinc finger protein fusion products for; identification of multi-zinc finger transcription factors using oligonucleotide ANSWER 4 OF 11 USPATFULL

2000:121323 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE: Compositions and methods for regulation of

transcription

INVENTOR(S): Natesan, Sridaran, Chestnut Hill, MA, United States

Gilman, Michael Z., Newton, MA, United States

ARIAD Gene Therapeutics, Inc., Cambridge, MA, United PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----PATENT INFORMATION: US 6117680 20000912

US 1998-140149 19980826 (9) APPLICATION INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-126009, filed RELATED APPLN. INFO.: on 29 Jul 1998 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser.

No. US 1997-920610, filed on 27 Aug 1997, now

patented,

Pat. No. US 6015709 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-918401, filed on 26 Aug 1997, now

abandoned

NUMBER DATE

_______ PRIORITY INFORMATION: WO 1997-US15219 19970827

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

Schwartzman, Robert A. PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Berstein, David L., Hausdorff, Sharon F. LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 62 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 14

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 20 Drawing Figure(s); 10 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 3943

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Illustrative (non-limiting) examples of heterologous domains which can SUMM

be included along with a bundling domain in various fusion

proteins of this invention include transcription

regulatory domains (i.e., transcription activation domains such as a p65, VP16 or AP domain; transcription potentiating or synergizing domains; or transcription repression domains such as an ssn-6/TUP-1 domain or Kruppel family suppressor domain); a DNA binding domain such as a GAL4, lex A or a composite DNA binding domain such as a composite zinc finger domain or a ZFHD1 domain; or a ligand-binding domain comprising or derived from (a) an immunophilin, cyclophilin or FRB domain; (b) an antibiotic binding domain such as tetR:.

ANSWER 5 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:777162 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:67764

TITLE: Chemically regulated zinc finger transcription

AUTHOR (S):

Beerli, Roger R.; Schopfer, Ulrich; Dreier, Birgit;

Barbas, Carlos F., III

CORPORATE SOURCE: Skaggs Institute for Chemical Biology and the

Department of Molecular Biology, The Scripps Research

Institute, La Jolla, CA, 92037, USA

J. Biol. Chem. (2000), 275(42), 32617-32627 SOURCE:

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER: American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular

Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS

factors

FORMAT

Proteins, specific or class

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(DNA-binding, zinc finger-contg., designed, Cys2-His2, fusion with steroid receptor ligand binding domains; chem. regulated zinc finger

transcription factors)

IT Steroid receptors

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(ligand binding domains, fusion with designed

Cys2-His2 zinc finger proteins; chem. regulated zinc finger transcription factors)

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 11 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001012693 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 20394003 PubMed ID: 10934038

TITLE: The RING finger protein SNURF modulates nuclear

trafficking

of the androgen receptor.

AUTHOR: Poukka H; Karvonen U; Yoshikawa N; Tanaka H; Palvimo J J;

Janne O A

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Physiology, Institute of Biomedicine and

Department of Clinical Chemistry, University of Helsinki,

FIN-00014 Helsinki, Finland.

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF CELL SCIENCE, (2000 Sep) 113 (Pt 17)

2991-3001.

Journal code: HNK. ISSN: 0021-9533.

PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200011

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010322

Last Updated on STN: 20010322 Entered Medline: 20001102

AB The androgen receptor (AR) is a transcription factor that mediates androgen action. We have used the green fluorescent protein (GFP) technique to investigate dynamics of nuclear trafficking of human AR in living cells. In the absence of ligand , the GFP-AR fusion protein is distributed between cytoplasm and nuclei. Androgen exposure leads to a rapid and complete import of GFP-AR to nuclei of. . . transfer. Unliganded ARs with mutations in the basic amino acids of the bipartite nuclear localization signal (NLS) within the second zinc finger and the hinge region are predominantly cytoplasmic and their androgen-dependent nuclear import is severely compromised ((3/4)20% nuclear in 30 minutes)... residues flanking the bipartite NLS lead to inefficient nuclear transfer in response to androgen ((3/4)20% nuclear in 30 minutes). The ligand-binding domain of AR, which represses bipartite NLS activity, contains an agonist-specific NLS. The small nuclear RING finger protein SNURF, which interacts with AR through a region overlapping with the bipartite NLS, facilitates AR import to nuclei and retards.

L6 ANSWER 7 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:301431 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200100301431

TITLE: Differential DNA binding by PLZF and APL associated

RARalpha-PLZF fusion protein.

AUTHOR(S): Guidez, Fabien (1); Ivins, Sarah (1); Hawe, Nicola (1);

Zelent, Arthur (1)

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Leukemia Research Fund Center for Cell and Molecular

Biology of Leukemia, Institute of Cancer Research, Chester

Beatty Laboratories, London UI

Blood, (November 16, 2000) Vol. 96, No. 11 Part 1, pp.

300a. print.

Meeting Info.: 42nd Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology San Francisco, California, USA December

01-05, 2000 American Society of Hematology

ISSN: 0006-4971.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

SUMMARY LANGUAGE:

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Conference English English

AB The Promyelocytic Leukemia Zinc-Finger (PLZF) gene,

which encodes a transcriptional repressor characterised by nine

Kruppel-like C2-H2 zinc fingers and an amino-terminal

protein oligomerization domain (the POZ domain), was originally identified as a fusion with the RARalpha locus in rare cases of all-trans-retinoic acid (ATRA) resistant acute promyelocytic leukemia (APL) with the t(11;17) (q2321q21) reciprocal chromosomal translocation. Leukemic cells bearing the above rearrangement express PLZF-RARalpha and RARalpha-PLZF reciprocal fusion proteins, which have

been shown to co-operate in induction of ATRA resistant APL in transgenic animals. Previous studies have shown that RARalpha-PLZF, which contains the RARalpha ligand-independent activation domain fused in frame

with the 7 carboxy-terminal zinc-fingers of PLZF, can

bind to the consensus PLZF DNA binding site (5'-GTACA/TGTAC). We now show that, despite the fact that RARalpha-PLZF retains the DNA binding

zinc fingers of PLZF, its ability to bind DNA in a

sequence specific manner differs dramatically to that of the wild type PLZF protein. Binding of RARalpha-PLZF to a response element containing a single PLZF binding site is much stronger than that of the.

. . PLZF lacking this region binds to a single PLZF DNA binding site with the same affinity as the wild type **protein**. Nevertheless, the POZ domain and, to a lesser extent, the first two **zinc**

fingers of PLZF, confer on the protein the ability to

bind co-operatively to a response element containing a multimerized PLZF binding site. Consistent with these results, RARalpha-PLZF. . .

predicted by the lack of PLZF specific repression domains and by the promoter context specific properties of the nuclear receptor ligand-independent activation function, the RARalpha-PLZF does not

act as a repressor and can activate **transcription** from PLZF response elements in a promoter context dependent manner. The above results suggest that RARalpha-PLZF contributes to leukemogenesis by competing with PLZF and related factors, which recognise the same

response

element (such as the Fanconi's Anemia Zinc Finger /Repressor of GATA protein for example), for binding to their target genes and by deregulating their target gene expression.

L6 ANSWER 8 OF 11 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000214797 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 20214797 PubMed ID: 10750018

TITLE: Association of the Ku autoantigen/DNA-dependent protein

kinase holoenzyme and poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase with the

DNA binding domain of progesterone receptors.

AUTHOR: Sartorius C A; Takimoto G S; Richer J K; Tung L; Horwitz K

Department of Medicine, University of Colorado Health

Sciences Center, Denver, Colorado 80262, USA..

Carol.Sartorius@uchsc.edu

CONTRACT NUMBER: CA26869 (NCI)

CORPORATE SOURCE:

DK48238 (NIDDK)

SOURCE: JOURNAL OF MOLECULAR ENDOCRINOLOGY, (2000 Apr) 24 (2)

165-82.

Journal code: AEG; 8902617. ISSN: 0952-5041.

PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200005

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20000518

Last Updated on STN: 20000518

Entered Medline: 20000508

AB Ligand-activated progesterone receptors (PR) bind to DNA at

specific progesterone response elements by means of a DNA binding domain (DBD(PR)) containing two highly conserved zinc fingers

. DNA-bound PRs regulate transcription via interaction with

other nuclear proteins and transcription factors. We

have now identified four HeLa cell nuclear proteins that

copurify with a glutathionine-S-transferase-human DBD(PR) fusion protein. Microsequence and immunoblot analyses identified one of

these **proteins** as the 113 kDa poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase. The three other **proteins** were identified as subunits of the

DNA-dependent protein kinase (DNA-PK) holoenzyme: its DNA

binding regulatory heterodimers consisting of Ku70 and Ku86, and the 460 kDa catalytic subunit, DNA-PK(CS)... to associate with the DBD of the yeast activator GAL4. However, neither a PR DBD mutant lacking a

structured first zinc finger (DBD(CYS)) nor the core

DBD of the estrogen receptor (DBD(ER)) copurified DNA-PK, suggesting the interaction is not non-specific for DBDs... and DBD(PR) interact, that DBD(PR) is a phosphorylation substrate of DNA-PK, and suggest a potential role for DNA-PK in PR-mediated transcription.

L6 ANSWER 9 OF 11 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER:

97140325 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

97140325 PubMed ID: 8986806

TITLE:

A novel member of the RING finger family, KRIP-1, associates with the KRAB-A transcriptional repressor

domain

of zinc finger proteins.

AUTHOR:

Kim S S; Chen Y M; O'Leary E; Witzgall R; Vidal M;

Bonventre J V

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Renal Unit, Massachusetts General Hospital, Charlestown

02129, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER:

DK 38452 (NIDDK) DK 39773 (NIDDK) NS 10828 (NINDS)

SOURCE:

PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, (1996 Dec 24) 93 (26) 15299-304.

Journal code: PV3; 7505876. ISSN: 0027-8424.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

OTHER SOURCE:

GENBANK-U67303

ENTRY MONTH:

199701

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 19970219

Last Updated on STN: 19970219 Entered Medline: 19970128

AB The Kruppel-associated box A (KRAB-A) domain is an evolutionarily conserved transcriptional repressor domain present in approximately

one-third of zinc finger proteins of the

Cys2-His2 type. Using the yeast two-hybrid system, we report the isolation

of a cDNA encoding a novel murine **protein**, KRAB-A interacting **protein** 1 (KRIP-1) that physically interacts with the KRAB-A region. KRIP-1 is a member of the RBCC subfamily of the RING finger, or Cys3HisCys4, family of zinc binding **proteins** whose other members are known to play important roles in differentiation, oncogenesis, and signal transduction. The KRIP-1 **protein** has high homology to TIF1, a putative modulator of **ligand**-dependent activation function of nuclear receptors. A 3.5-kb mRNA for KRIP-1 is ubiquitously expressed among all adult mouse tissues studied. When a GAL4-KRIP-1

fusion protein is expressed in COS cells with a chloramphenia acetyltransferase reporter contruct with five GAL4 binding sites, there is dose-dependent repression of transcription. Thus, KRIP-1 interacts with the KRAB-A region of C2H2 zinc finger proteins and may mediate or modulate KRAB-A transcriptional repressor activity.

L6 ANSWER 10 OF 11 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 96132722 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96132722 PubMed ID: 8545127

TITLE: The BTB/POZ domain targets the LAZ3/BCL6 oncoprotein to

nuclear dots and mediates homomerisation in vivo.

AUTHOR: Dhordain P; Albagli O; Ansieau S; Koken M H; Deweindt C;

Quief S; Lantoine D; Leutz A; Kerckaert J P; Leprince D

CORPORATE SOURCE: U 124 INSERM, IRCL, Lille, France.

SOURCE: ONCOGENE, (1995 Dec 21) 11 (12) 2689-97.

Journal code: ONC; 8711562. ISSN: 0950-9232.

PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 199602

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19960227

Last Updated on STN: 19960227 Entered Medline: 19960209

AB . . . was identified by its disruption in 3q27 translocations associated with diffuse large cell lymphomas. It is predicted to be a transcription factor as it contains six Kruppel-like Zinc finger motifs and a N-terminal BTB/POZ domain, a protein /protein interaction interface that is widely conserved in Metazoans. Using two antisera raised against non overlapping regions of the predicted ORF, we demonstrate that the LAZ3/BCL6 protein

appears as a close ca. 79 kDa doublet in B lymphoid cell lines with either

a rearranged or a non rearranged LAZ3/BCL6 locus. By immunofluorescence experiments on transiently transfected COS-1 or NIH3T3 cells, we show that

the LAZ3/BCL6 protein displays a punctuated nuclear localisation. This appears to rely on LAZ3/BCL6 proper folding and/or activities as it is impaired in a hormone reversible-fashion through fusion of LAZ3/BCL6 to the ligand-binding domain of the oestrogen receptor. Moreover, deletion of its BTB/POZ domain leads to the disappearance of the nuclear dots although the protein remains nuclear. In addition, by using the yeast two-hybrid system, we show that the LAZ3/BCL6 BTB/POZ domain homomerises in vivo. Thus, the LAZ3/BCL6 BTB/POZ domain has the capability to self-interact and target the protein to discrete nuclear substructures.

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 11 MEDLINE

ACCESSION NUMBER: 94077706 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94077706 PubMed ID: 8255760

TITLE: Molecular cloning of a zinc finger protein which binds to

the heptamer of the signal sequence for V(D)J

recombination.

AUTHOR: Wu L C; Mak C H; Dear N; Boehm T; Foroni L; Rabbitts T H

CORPORATE SOURCE: Medical Research Council, Laboratory of Molecular Biology,

Cambridge, UK.

SOURCE: NUCLEIC ACIDS RESEARCH, (1993 Nov 11) 21 (22) 5067-73.

Journal code: O8L; 0411011. ISSN: 0305-1048.

PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-L07911

ENTRY MONTH: 199401

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19940203

Last Updated on STN: 19940203 Entered Medline: 19940113

clone was isolated from a lambda gtll expression library made from mouse thymocyte poly(A) + RNA, using the Rss as a ligand. The deduced amino acid sequence of the putative protein, designated Recognition component (Rc), reveals a pair of Cys2-His2 zinc fingers followed by a Glu- and Asp-rich acidic domain. In addition, there are five copies of the Ser/Thr-Pro-X-Arg/Lys sequence, which are putative DNA binding units. The zinc finger-acidic domain structures present in Rc are also found in several enhancer binding proteins, such as those for the kappa B motif of the Ig kappa light chain enhancer or related sequences. Bacterial

fusion proteins for Rc bind preferentially to the Rss heptamer and to the kappa B motif. The dual affinities of Rc for the Rss heptamer and the kappa B motif suggest a possible link between Ig transcription and somatic recombination. The formation of multiple 'gel-shifted' DNA-protein complexes for Rc and its DNA ligand suggests that these complexes tend to multimerize.

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AB

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